

GPS Antenna

User's Manual





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Revision History

Revision	Description	
1.0	Original Document	

1. General

1.1 Introduction

GPS Antenna receives the satellite signal and provides high-precision real-time location Information to the existing NMEA2000 and /or J1939 network.

GPS Antenna has 66 search channels and 22 simultaneous tracking channels; acquires and tracks satellites in the shortest time even at indoor signal level.

1.2 Features

The GPS Antenna has the following features.

- ◆ Provide a regular transmission of UTC time and data, with minimal latency.
- Provide latitude and longitude.
- ◆ Provide Course Over Ground (COG) and Speed Over Ground (SOG).

2. Installation

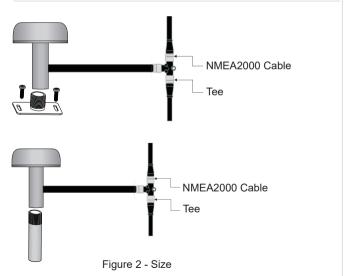
2.1. Choosing a Mounting Location

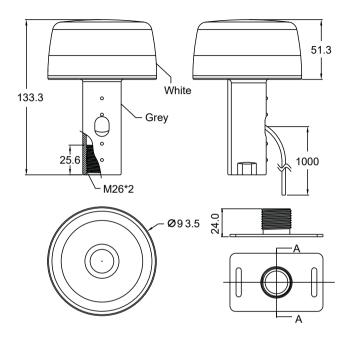
- To ensure the best reception, the GPS Antenna should be mounted in a location that has a clear, unobstructed view of the sky in all directions.
- GPS Antenna should not be mounted where it is shaded by superstructure of the boat, a radome antenna, or the mast. The GPS Antenna should not be mounted near the engine.

2.2. Mechanical Specifications



Figure 1 - Mounting Location





3. Technical Specifications

3.1 Electrical

Operating Voltage 9~16V Power Consumption <50mA

Load Equivalence Number (LEN) 1

3.2 Environmental

Operating Temperature $-30\sim75^{\circ}\text{C}$ Storage Temperature $-40\sim80^{\circ}\text{C}$ Degree of Protection IP67

3.3 Mechanical

Size See Figure 2

Weight 360g

4.4 Certifications

NMEA2000 Level B+

3.5 NMEA2000 Parameter Group Number(PGN)

Description	PGN	PGN name
Periodic data PGNs	126992	System Time
	129025	Position, Rapid Update
	129026	COG&SOG, Rapid Update
Response to requested PGNs	126996	Product Information
Protocol PGNs	59392	ISO Acknowledge
	59904	ISO Request
	60928	ISO Address Claim









